1. Properly design and place access roads, skid trails, and loading areas on forestland.
   a. Avoid streambanks and channels except when crossing streams.
   b. Install water management structures and techniques.
   c. Stabilize bare soil areas.
   d. Prevent steep slopes on roads and trails.

2. Designate streamside management zones (SMZ) which are undisturbed strips of vegetation parallel and adjacent to the stream channels.

3. Avoid placing debris in stream channels (Stream Obstruction Law).

4. Use practices which minimize soil exposure when reforesting.

5. Use environmentally safe procedures when applying chemicals in forested areas.

6. Train forestry related personnel in nonpoint source pollution control methods.

Source: NC Division of Forest Resources.